Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

disease, malarial fever; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bill of health was issued to the following vessel: June 24, steamship *Usk;* crew, 20; passengers, none; passengers in transit, none; baggage disinfected, none.

Respectfully, R. H. PETERS,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

LA CEIBA, HONDURAS, *July 8, 1901.*

SIR: I have to make the following report of the conditions and transactions at this port during the week ended July 6, 1901:

Number of cases and deaths from yellow fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from smallpox during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from typhus fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from cholera during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from plague during the week, none; prevailing disease, malarial fever; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following vessels: June 30, steamship *Ely;* crew, 20; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; baggage disinfected, none. July 1, steamship *Breifond;* crew, 15; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; baggage disinfected, none. July 5, steamship *Usk;* crew, 20; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; baggage disinfected, none.

Respectfully, R. H. PETERS,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

LA CEIBA, HONDURAS, *July 14, 1901.*

SIR: I have to make the following report of the conditions and transactions at this port during the week ended July 13, 1901:

Number of cases and deaths from yellow fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from smallpox during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from typhus fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from cholera during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from plague during the week, none; prevailing disease, malarial fever (mild); general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bill of health was issued to the following vessel: July 12, steamship *Ely;* crew, 20; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; baggage disinfected, none.

R. H. PETERS,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Report from Puerto Cortez—Fruit port.

PUERTO CORTEZ, HONDURAS, *July 9, 1901.*

SIR: I have to make the following report of the conditions and transactions of this port during the week ended July 9th, 1901:

Population according to census of 1896, 1,856. Present officially estimated population, 2,000.

Number of cases and deaths from yellow fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from smallpox during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from typhus fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from cholera during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from plague during the week, none; number of deaths from other causes during the week, none; prevailing disease, malarial fever; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, very good. Ship and passenger certificates inclosed.

Bills of health were issued to the following vessels: July 3, steamship *S. Oteri;* number of crew, 35; passengers from this port, 9; passengers in transit—none; baggage disinfected, 23. July 5, steamship *España;* number of crew, 14; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; baggage disinfected, none; steamship *Bratten;* number of crew, 15; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; baggage disinfected, none. July 6, steamship *Foxhall;* number of crew, 25; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; baggage disinfected, none.

Respectfully, SAMUEL HARRIS BACKUS,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

ITALY.

Prevalence of smallpox in Messina, Sicily.

MESSINA, SICILY, *June 15, 1901.*

SIR: I beg leave to report that smallpox prevails here, and while the authorities hesitate to declare it epidemic they treat it as such, having ordered compulsory vaccination throughout the city. While the health reports state that there are only about 60 cases, I know from private information that the number of cases reported falls far short of the actual number.

If compulsory vaccination is believed necessary for the people here, I have concluded that I am justified in also requiring the same treatment for the crews of ships bound for the United States, those persons employed in loading fruit being constantly exposed to the infection in the neighborhood in which they live and work. I have informed Dr. Eager, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service at Naples, of the condition of affairs here.

CHAS. M. CAUGHY,
United States Consul.

Hon. ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.

Report from Naples—Smallpox continues—No plague in Oporto.

NAPLES, ITALY, *July 8, 1901.*

SIR: I have the honor to report that for the week ended July 7, 1901, the following ship was inspected:

On July 4, the steamship *Trave*, of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 394 steerage passengers and 74 pieces of large baggage. Four hundred and seventy-four pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.